## INJECTION Actimec 3.15%

## For Veterinary Use Only

Statement of active substance (s) and other ingredients: Fach ml contains

Indications:
CATTLE: The product is indicated for the treatment and control of the following species of gastro-intestinal roundworms, lungworms, eyew warbles, mites and lice.

Gastrointestinal roundworms (adult and fourth-stage larvae):

Ostertagia spp. (including inhibited O. ostertagi) Haemonchus placei

Trichostrongylus axei T. colubriformis

Cooperia spp.

Oesophagostomum radiatum Strongyloides papillosus (adult) Nematodirus helvetianus (adult)

N. spathiger (adult) Bunostomum phlebotomi Toxocara vitulorum

Trichuris spp (adult) Lungworms (adult and fourth-stage larvae):

Dictyocaulus viviparous

Eye worms (adult):

Thelazia spp. Warbles:

Hypoderma bovis H. lineatum Mange mites:

Psoroptes bovis

Sarcoptes scabiei var. bovis

Suckling lice: Linognathus vituli

Haematopinus eurysternus Solenopotes capillatus

This product may also be used as an aid in the control of biting lice

(Damalinia bovis) and the mange mite (Chorioptes bovis), but complete elimination may not occur.

The product is indicated for the treatment and control of the following species of gastro-intestinal roundworms, lungworms, nasal bots and mites.

Gastrointestinal roundworms (adult and fourth-stage larvae):

Ostertagia circumcincta including inhibited la O. trifurcata

Haemonchus contortus including inhibited larvae

Trichostrongylus axei (adults)
T. colubriformis and T. vitrinus (adults)

Cooperia curticei

Oesophagostomum columbianum O. venulosum (adults) Nematodirus filicollis

Chabertia ovina Trichuris ovis (adults).

Benzimidazole-resistant strains of Haemonchus contortus and Ostertagia

circumcincta are also controlled

Lungworms:
Dictyocaulus filaria (adult and fourth-stage larvae)

Protostrongylus rufescens (adults) Nasal Bots (all larval stages)

Oestrus ovis

Mange mites:

Psoroptes ovis\* (adult and immature stage)

For the treatment and control of sheep scab *Psoroptes ovis*, two injections with a seven-iday interval are required to treat clinical signs of scab and to eliminate mites. Benzimidazole-resistant strains of *Haemonchus contortus* and *Ostertagia circumcincta* are also controlled.

Contraindications:
Do not use by the intravenous or intramuscular route.
Adverse reactions including fatalities in dogs may occur.

In sheep, treatment of psoroptic mange (sheep scab) with one injection is not recommended because, although a clinical improvement may be seen, elimination of all mites may not occur.

Adverse reactions:
Studies have shown a wide safety margin and, at the recommended dosage, no adverse effect on breeding performance were observed.

At therapeutic doses, ivermectin has no adverse effect on cattle or sheep since it does not readily penetrate their central nervous systems.

Transitory discomfort has occasionally been observed in some cattle and

sheep following subcutaneous administration.

Alowincidence of soft-tissue swelling at the injection site has been observed in those species. These reactions have disappeared without treatment.

Target species:
Cattle, buffalo, camel, sheep and goat.

Cattle, outlaid, came, sneep and gost.

Dasage for each species, route(s) and method of administration:

The injection may be given with any standard automatic or signete-dose or hypodermic syringe. Use of 17-gauge ½-inch needle is suggested. Replace with a fresh sterile needle after every 10 to 12 animals. Injection of wet or dirty animals is not recommended. If using a single-dose or hypodermic

syringe, use a separate sterile needle to withdraw the product from the pack To ensure administration of a correct dose, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible; accuracy of the dosing device should be checked.

Care should be taken to avoid the following practices because they increase the risk of development of resistance and could ultimately result in ineffective

Too frequent and repeated use of anthelmintics from the same class, over an extended period of time.

Underdosing, which may be due to underestimation of body weight. misadministration of the product, or lack of calibration of the dosing device (if any). Suspected clinical cases of resistance to anthelmintics should be further investigated using appropriate tests (e.g Faecal Egg Count

Reduction Test).
Where the results of the test(s) strongly suggest resistance to a particular anthelmintic, an anthelmintic belonging to another pharmacological class and having a different mode of action should be used. Resistance to ivermectin (an avermectin) has been reported in Teladorsagia in sheep and goats within the EU. Resistance is common in Haemonchus in sheep outside the EU. It has been reported in Cooperia oncophora in cattle within the EU, in Teladorsagia in cattle in developed countries such as New Zealand and Haemonchus in cattle outside the EU. Therefore the use of this product should be based on local (regional, farm) epidemiological information about susceptibility of nematodes and recommendations on how to limit further selection for resistance to anthelmintics.

The product should be given only by subcutaneous injection.

Cattle/buffalo/camel/sheep/goat: 1 ml per 150 kg of bodyweight under the loose skin in front of or behind the shoulde

Withdrawal period (s):

Meat: 35 days.

Product is not recommended for use in animals producing milk for human

Special storage precautions:

Keep out of the reach of children.
Following withdrawal of the first dose, use the product within 6 months.

Discard unused material Avoid introduction of contamination

Protect from light.
Store between 15-25°C in a cool and dry place.
Keep vial in outer carton

When the container is broached/opened for the first time, using the in-use shelf-life which is specified on this package leaflet, the date on which any product remaining in the carton should be discarded should be worked out. This discard date should be written in the space provided. OPERATOR WARNINGS

Do not smoke, eat or drink whilst handling the product. Wash hands after

Take care to avoid self-administration: the product may cause irritation

and/or pain at the site of injection.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

As this product does not contain any antimicrobial preservative, swab septum before removing each dose. Use sterile needle and syringe.

SPECIAL WARNINGS
Sheep scab (Psoroptes ovis) is an extremely-contagious external parasite of sheep. Following treatment of infected sheep, great care must be taken to

avoid reinfestation, as mites may be viable for up to 15 days off the sheep. It is important to ensure all sheep which have been in contact with infected sheep are treated. Contact between treated, infected and non-treated, non-infected flocks must be avoided until at least 7 days after the last treatment. Adequate vaccination of sheep against clostridial infections is strongly recommended.

USE DURING PREGNANCY, LACTATION OR LAY:
Product is not recommended for use in animals producing milk for human

consumption.

OVERDOSAGE

Cattle: single doses of 4 mg of ivermectin per kg (20 times the use level) given subcutaneously resulted in ataxia and depression

For those species, no antidote has been identified. However, symptomatic therapy may be beneficial.

Special precautions for the disposal of unused product or waste

materials if any:
Dispose of any unused product and empty containers in accordance with

guidance from your local waste-regulation authority.

EXTREMELY DANGEROUS TO FISH AND AQUATIC LIFE. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with the product or used container

Other information:
Keep vial in outer carton.
BP Vet Specs.



